SECTION 1 - MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

MANUF/DIST : CHEM-POWER MFG DIV/ FOSTER & CO., INC

15 Wing Drive EMERGENCY PHONE.....: 973-267-4100 Cedar Knolls PREPARATION/REVISION DATE: 02/14/02

NJ 07927

PREPARER/CONTACT: Gary Adams, Chemist

LOCATION : Whs 1

TRADE NAME/SYNONYMS.,.: DE-ICE CHEMICAL NAME/SYNONYMS: Ice Melt

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Inorganic Salt Mixture

FORMULA.... Mixture PRODUCT CODE..... 17-22

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS)

HEALTH..... 1 * FLAMMABILITY.. 0 REACTIVITY . . . 1 PROTECTION...B

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS : YES

CHEMICAL/COMMON NAME	CAS-NUMBER	%	PEL-OSHA	TLV-ACGIH
Calcium Chloride (Pelletized)	10043-52-4	>90%	N/A	N/A
Sodium Chloride	7647-14-5	1-2%	N/A	N/A
Potassium Chloride	7447-40-7	2-3%	N/A	N/A
Strontium Chloride	10476-85-4	1%	N/A	N/A
Water	7732-18-5	BAL	N/A	N/A

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS CARCINOGENS (NTP, IARC, or OSHA):NO

CAS-NUMBER % NTP IARC OSHA N/A N/A N/A N/A CHEMICAL/COMMON NAME N/A

SECTION 3 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

HEALTH EFFECTS (Acute And Chronic) -

INHALATION: Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties. Dust may cause

irritation to upper respiratory tract.

SKIN ABSORPTION: A single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the material being absorbed through skin in harmful amounts. The LD50 for skin absorption in rabbits is >5000 mg/kg.

EYE: May cause moderate to severe eye irritation with corneal injury, which

may be slow to heal.

SKIN CONTACT: Short single exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation, even a burn. May cause more severe response if skin is damp and/or abraded, or if material is confined to skin.

INGESTION: Single dose oral toxicity is low. The oral LD50 for rats is 1090-1668 mg/kg. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration. SYSTEMIC & OTHER EFFECTS: Results of in vitro mutagenicity tests have been negative for Calcium Chloride.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY-Eyes, Skin, Inhalation.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE-N/I

EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES-

EYES: Irrigate with flowing water immediately and continuously for 15 minutes. Consult medical personnel.

SKIN: Wash off in flowing water or shower.

INGESTION: If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately by giving two glasses of water and sticking finger down throat. Call a physician. (Never give anything by mouth or attempt to induce vomiting in an unconscious person.) INHALATION: Remove to fresh air if effects occur. Consult a physician. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific antidote. Supportive care. Treatment based on judgment of the physician in response to reactions of the patient.

SECTION 4 - CHEMICAL DATA

SOLUBILITY IN WATER-To 40% Solution.

APPEARANCE AND ODOR INFORMATION-Small white pellets, no odor.

SECTION 5 - PHYSICAL HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (Method Used): None. FLAMMABLE LIMITS : Lel=N/A UEL=N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA-Not combustible.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES-Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS-None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials To Avoid) -

Metals will slowly corrode in aqueous calcium chloride solutions. Aluminum (and its alloys) and yellow brass will be attacked by calcium chloride. Product attracts moisture and gives off heat while dissolving.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS-None known.

WILL HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION OCCUR-No.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID FOR POLYMERIZATION-None known.

IS THE PRODUCT STABLE-Yes.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID FOR STABILITY-Moisture.

SECTION 6 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED-No special precautions necessary - sweep up and return to container or discard. Walking surfaces may remain wet longer due to moisture being held by spilled materials. Avoid cleaning up with bare hands-always use protective gloves when handling chemical products of any kind.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS-

Consult Federal, State or local authorities. Wash away with large excess of water or bury. Keep out of drinking water sources.

SECTION 7 - EXPOSURE CONTROL INFORMATION

VENTILATION-

LOCAL EXHAUST: Good general. MECHANICAL (General): N/A SPECIAL....: N/A OTHER...... N/A

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION-

Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When respiratory protection is required for certain operations, use an approved air purifying respirator. In dusty atmospheres, use an approved dust respirator.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES-Chemical resistant gloves.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT-Safety goggles, long sleeves.

OTHER ENGINEERING CONTROLS-N/I

WORK PRACTICES-

For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. Use protective clothing impervious to this material. Selection of specific items such as gloves, boots, apron, or full-body suit will depend on operation. If skin comes in contact immediately, wash skin area with soap and water, and launder clothing before reuse.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES-N/I

SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE-

Avoid eye and prolonged skin contact. Always use cool water (temperature less than 80F, 27C) when dissolving Calcium Chloride. Heat developed by solutions is very high during dissolving and mixing. When exposed to the atmosphere, Calcium Chloride will pick up water and form a solution. Leather clothing and shoes will be damaged by Calcium Chloride. Store in a dry place. Keep all containers closed when not in use. Wash and dry utensils used for handling or a coating may develop.

MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS-N/A

OTHER PRECAUTIONS-

Do, not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes/face with contaminated gloves or clothes. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Strain of a companies 55.